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Toward Inclusion in Oman & Inclusion -MILITARY REPORT-MARTYRDOM OF THREE OF OUR BRAVE MILITANTS ON THE PATH OF PEOPLE'S LIBERATION WAR OUR REVOLUTIONARIES HIT ONE OF THEERITISH PLANES AND RESTROY 13 POSITIONS OF THE EMEMY. DEATH AND INJURY OF EIGHTEEN ENEMY MEMBERS. Details Pages 1,2 PAGE NO. CONTENTS ** REACTIONARY AUTHORITY IN FICTITIOUS FEDERATION CONTINUE CAMPAIGN AGAINST FREEDOMS 3 ** QIBOOS TO VISIT IR N TO ASK FOR INCREASE OF IRANIAN 3 4 ** THREE VISITS BY THREE PUPPETS IN GULF TO BRITAIN ** MESSAGE FROM NORTH OMAN ** MESSAGE FROM DAHRAIN ** CHINESE PEOPLE CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDATION OF PEOFLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA 6

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MILITARY REPORT

FROM MILITARY COMMUNIQUE NO. 407-413/73 ISSUED BY FORCES OF PEOPLE'S LIBERATION ARMY - DHOFAR REGION

The forces of the People's Liberation Army and the People's Militia are continueing their strong and concentrated attacks on the positions of the energy and his centres at al-Mannar, the Central Region and Western Region. During this weak British fighter planes carried out arininal mids on the houses of citizens and their grazing places in theWestern Region. The attacks carried cut by the People's Liberation Army and the People's Militia were successful and inflicted on the energy lesses in life, installations, positions and fortifications and set give to his tents. The following are details of all operations in every area separately.

AL-MAMAR:

On 27th September at 9.30 in this morning our forces operating at al-Mammar shalled with artillery the positions of the enemy at Abu Khuseifa and Mutabrani centres for half on hour. ...t twelve moon on the same day our forces repeated shelling of the enemy positions at Mutabrani for one complete hour. At three in the evening of the same day our forces repeated shelling of the same positions for a quarter of an hour during which four eneux positions were destroyed and fire was set to his tents for several hours. Enemy casualties were not assessed. Our losses were none.

CENTRAL REGION:

On 21st September, at 8.45 in the morning the enemy alvanced from his centre situated at Aqabat Asheikh to the highlands of Tiq at Beit Zarbeikh. But our forces were watching the movements of the enemy and so set up ambushes for them. No scener the enemy forces came near to the ambush traps our hereic courales rained them with fire from their different weapons for one hour. Enemy losses included the death and injury of nine enemy henders and the silencing of a Western made 81-nm gun and a medium machine-gun. A helicopter WQS seen landing on positions behind the battleground to remove the dead and injured of the enemy. Following this the enemy sought the help of his heavy artillery and fighter planes to break the seige on hismere mary soldiers as the enemy forces lost control on thenselves during the bettle which led to the defection of a large number of the enemy members in a scattered memore. Our losses were none. On 24th September the British Royal Air Force planes raided the houses of citizens and their catles in theCentral Region, east of the Red Line. But they were intercepted by our ground defences and were forced to escape. The raid resulted in the burning of some caves of the estimens.

WESTERN REGION:

On 22nd September at twelve noon a squadron of Dritish R.A.F. planes raided the Western Region. The raid covered extensive areas as the fighter plane combed the area indiscriminately for half an hour. But they were indecepted by our ground defences which forced then escape. Our losses included the martyrdom of patriot courade Muhad Aslam Mahroes and the injury of some conreles slightly along with one of the female citizens.

On 23rd September at 7.45 in the morning our forces shelled with artillery the enemy positions in North Sarfeet for three quarters of on hour. The enery forces replied fire. Enery casualties included the death and injury of four members and destruction completely of four positions. From our side conrade Mussallan Ali Mussallan was martyrised.

MARTYR MUSALIAM ALI MUSSALLAM'S OPERATION:

At 2.30 a.n. our forces shelled with artillery the eneny positions in North Sarfeet. The shelling was strong and concentrated on the enemy positions for one complete hour during which the enemy lost two members between killed and wounded and the destruction of five enony positions completely. Due to the intensity of the blows of our brave revolutionaries the enemy sought the help of his fighter planes which combed the nearby area indiscriminately. But they were intercepted by our ground forces which forced then escape. Our lesses were nothing.

On 25thSeptember at twelve noch the sniping group of our forces launched a sniping operation against the enery members in North Sarfect. During this operation three enery members were either killed or wounded. Following this operation the enery combed the nearby area with his heavy artillery andmedium machine-guns but without realisinghis criminal targets. On the same day and at one in the afternoon our forces shelled with artillery the enemy positions in North Sarfeet. The artillery shelling, which was concentrated and strong on the energy positions, continued for 45 minutes. Due to the intensity of the blows of our patriot revolutionaries the energy sought the help of his fighter planes which were intercepted by our ground fefences and forced to escape after hitting one fighter plane which was seen ablaze. From our side patriot Comrade Saad Hesson -li wasmartyrised and another comrade was slightly injured.

TOTAL ENERY LOSSES DURING THESE OPERATIONS:

- 1) Death and injury of eight enery members
- Death and injury of eight energy members
 Destruction of thirteen positions completely.
 Pilencing of a Western made 81-mm gun
- 4) Silencing of a medium machine-gun
- 5) The setting up of fire to enemy tents for several hours. it many forend to onergo. The 1912 r

OUR LOSSES IN THESE OPERATIONS:

- 1) Martyrdon of Courades Muhad Aslan Mahroos, Mussallan .li Mussallan and Saad Hasson Ali
- 2) Injury of some comrades with a female citizen slightly.
- 3) Burning of some caves of the citizens.

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AUTHORITY IN FICTITIOUS FEDERATION CONTINUES CAMPAIGN AGAINST FREEDOMS

COAST OF OMAN: As a result of the repressive laws against the freedoms of citizens and their rights for expressing their views, the phenomenon of newspapers belonging to cultural and sports clubs spread out. But the authorities in North Onan did not like such move by the citizens and so started to chase them even in this field. A reactionary publications ordinance was issued imposing huge chains on the citizens and their rights for expressing their views. In this reactionary ordinance it was stated as follows:-

1) Not to harm the Federal authorities or the government deparments

- Not to touch the behaviours of internal or external government departments and not to criticise conditions in the reactionary State.
- 3) Not to oppose the policy of any "friendly" State
- 4) Not to stand against any government employee by criticising or writing about his behaviour whether in the work or outside.

The Government of Abu Dhabi went farther to issue, through the Information Ministry, a reactionary Ordinance for newspapers issued by the clubs. The ordinance stipulates the following:-

1) That the club is to submit to the Ministry of Information six photographs for the owner of the newspaper (it is to be recalled that the owners of the said newspapers are the clubs. So how they will submit six photographs for the clubs) and six photographs for the editor-in-chief of the newspaper (it is to be recalled that the editors-in-chief are the cultural conditions in these clubs).

2) That permission is to be sought from the Ministry of Information (of every Amirate) and the Ministry of Information of the Federation for every issue of the newspaper and the Ministry must be acquainted with everything to be written in the newspaper.

3) That the owners of the newspaper are to pay a tax amounting to 1,800 dirhens for every issue (it is to be recalled that the clubs do not possess but neagre amounts for their activities. So how they will be able to pay for every issue 1,800 dirhens.

This reactionary-colonialist ordinance aims at combating the cultural activity in clubs and to confine their activities to games and time spending. The authority proves here that it is an energy to national culture and to every cultural activity aiming at promoting the awareness of the masses.

QABOOS TO VISIT IRAN TO ASK FOR INCREASE OF IR/NIAN AID

THREE VISITS BY THREE PUPPETS INGULF TO BRITAIN SIMULTANEOUSLY AND AFTER ONE OCCLSION

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Three puppets are visiting London. Qaboos started his visit before nearly two nonthe. He stryed for one month and them left to Tunis, Algiors and France and then returned to London and met the British officials to whom he submitted a report on the outcome of his tour of the countries visited by him. He then returned to Muscat.

Then comes Khalifa al-Thani. He attended the non-aligned conforence and then went to London on a visit described, like the one made by Qaboos, as private. The visit by Khalifa lasted nearly two weeks during which he held talks with senior British officials and in particular those responsible for the Gulf.

The third puppet is Zeid. .fter attending the non-aligned conference in-flgiers he went to London where he met the British Premier and Foreign Secretary and other British senior officialss and held with them talks described as important.

MESSAGE FROM THE NORTH OF OMAN

The Jordanian intelligence continue their savage torture against the honest nationalists in the prisons of Abu Dhabi and the rest of the coast of Oman. The torture, conducted and supervised by Rifai al-Hazainah, resulted in the distortion of nany detainees as citizen Murshed Ashihi suffers from a rotten wound in one of his legs and serious bruises and injuries. The intelligence refused to call any doctor or send the detainees to hospitals for treatment from acute sick conditions suffered by them.

Although the conditions of the detainees are detariorating yet their merale is high in spite of the daily torture and continued interregation carried aut by the Jordanian intelligence. The latest fashion followed by the Jordanian intelligence is to threaten the militants of American interference. Jordanian mercenary (Rifai al-Hazainch) says that Americanis propared to wipe out the people of the area in order to clear the area from this dirty people who do not deserve life. Due to the great anger and hystoria that overcome this puppet mercenary, he started to tell his existants that these detainees are like gins and that the Jordanian intelligence was tired of interregating with them. He does not hesitate to utter bad words and insults against our militant people in the ceast of Oman.

Differences are deep between the puppets in the Coast of Ommand that the dispute that ensued on the water well and in which the Defence Ministor interfered by opening fire on the masses who replied to the Defence Ministor and shot down his plane, has developed to a greater extent particular after the puppets in Sharjah discovered that they possess the oil that will make then equal with other puppets and that there is no one better than the other. However, puppet laid visited Dubai andmet Rashed bin Maktoun. He was preceded by Foreign Minister Ahmed Assuwoidi to settle differences. But he failed in that due to the secondary conflicts between al-Maktoum and the Qassens in Shirjah. Zeid then net with al-Qasseni, Sheikh of Sharjah but he was unable to reach a settlement for such differences. This difference begen to reflect on the wholeFederation as Khaliff bin Zeid, Grewn Frince of AbuPhabi, started to redeive the embasseders of countries in the State of emirates insteal of Rashed although Khalifa has ne Feddral position and the reception of Ambassadors cones within the duties of Rashed in the absence of puppet Zaid. The puppets failed in uniting their Ministries, as a statement was issued for their unification. But the reality is the opposite. The new budget for 1974, was distributed in Abu Phabi and the rest of the State of Amirates separately.

MESSAGE FROM BAHRAIN

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With the approach of the elections of the so-called Bahraini National seembly, the masses upto now receive such preparations with great coolness and negligence, as they regard it as a colonialist game. In the view of the masses the forthcoming "National Assembly" will not be of more benefit than the "Constituent Assembly" which issued the constitution. The reactionary and colonialist authorities did not recognise it and throw it against the wall. They even launched reaction_ry laws and decrees contravening with its constitution and does not give any attention to the problems of the masses and encourages the citizens to leave Bahrain under the pretext of unemployment, soaring up prices and low wages.

The reactionary authority is conducting the elections and registering for it under repressive laws and continued chasing of the progressive national forces. It also launches laws preventing gatherings and demonstrations under extensive campaigns of arrests within the circles of the masses of the people and honest national elements and campaigns for tightening the rope and chaining freedon and views. After one of the meetings (internal seminr held by the cultural connittee off the National Union of Bahraini Students which aims at linking the union with the masses and at popularising the union as a mass corporation) the authorities arrested the secretary of Sitra Club and the Assistant Secretary and the librarian of the club, to interrogate them on these meetings and wrmed them not to repeat contact with the National Union of Bahraini Students and not to hold such meetings in future. Interrogations are still going on with them. They are daily taken to the Special Branch headquarters.

The intelligence machinery, disguised under the name of "Public Security" issued a decree prohibiting any meeting, seminar or gathering except with the permission of the "Public Security" Machinery. It will be within the powers of this machinery to break up any gathering when it wanted to do so. On the other hand, the reactionary and colonialist authorities are continuing their savage operations along with their rperessive tools under the command of Henderson, against the nationalist detainces in the prisons of Bahrain. When the detaince reaches the point of exhaustion and faints as a result of the torture, these terroristic tools give him activating tablets to make the detained regain his livelihood so that Henderson and his executionists continue their criminal torture. As a result of these barbaric acts egainst the detainees national poet Qassen Haddad was removed to hospital following the development of a fracture in his skull. At Qala'a prison the authorities exercise filthiest and more savage methods against the detainees where their eyes are blinded and were thrown in dirty muds for two successive days in a bid to obtain confessions from the citizens. Recently citizens Ali Duweigher and Ibrahim al-Balushi were deported when the intelligence knew that they will nominate themselves for the forthcoming elections.

It is to be recalled that citizen Ali Duweigher spent a long period in the prison of Bahrain. ¹¹ e was a firm and fierce militant fighting the British intelligence and inspite of his long imprisonment no sent new waspassed against him by the Bahraini courts. His imprisonment came in accordance with a decision by Bonderson and the British intelligence officers. On the other hand the colonialist authorities are trying to form terms for the merconfries inside the Bahrain defence force. In fact operations started to select the elements for these terms, most of when will be Pakistonis and Saudis. The decision to establish these teams comes as a retaliatory action by the authority of Henderson and the British officers to the incidentin which clandestine statements and leaflets were discovered at the commandie adjuarters of the Bahrain Defence force in the light of which the British intelli ence machinery carried out an extensive search campaign in the command headquarters and interrogated members of the force to know the elements responsible for printing anddistributing these leaflets and statements. But they were unable to achieve this. This made it declare the state of energency, in the command headquarters of the force and prevented departure and any other moves in it after ten at night.

MESSAGE OF GREETINGS TO LEADER MAO TSE-TUNG

The friendlyChinese people celebrated the 24th anniversary of the victory of the Chinese revolution under the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party and the establishment of the People's Republic of hina after a struggle waged by this people under the leadership of their combative vanguard the Communist Party.

On this occasion; the ContralExecutive Connittee of the People's Front for the Liberation of Omen and theArabian ulf, sent a message of protings to President Mao Tse-tung, Chairmanof the Contral connittee of the Chinese Communist Party, reading as follows:~

"President HaoTse-tung, the Poople's Republic of ^China, Poking. The Central ExecutiveConnittee of the People's Front for the Liberation of Onan and the Arabian Gulf greetsyou and the ^Chinese Communist Party and the people of ^China on the 24th anniversary of the victory of the Chinese revolution and the establishment of the People's Republic of ^China which can to orown a long and stremuous struggle waged by the ^Chinese people under the leadership of their Communist Party guided by your ideas. The poor and militant peoples found in the ^Chinese revolution an endless inspiration and a living example for the ability of the backward poor peoples to wrest their inlependence from the superior colonialist through the long-tern popular war.

"Our people foundin the People's Republic of "hina a supportor and backing element for them in their strugelo for genuine independence and reunification of the homeland. Long live the revolution of ^China a torch for all revolutionaries. Long live the struggle of our people in Oman and theArabian ulf. Long live the unbreakable bonds between the revolutionaries."

The Central Executive Committe of the People's Front for the Liberation of Oman and theArabian ulf also sont a message of greetings to President Ahned Sekou Toure of Guinea on the occasion of the Independence Day of Guinea. he message says:-

"The Central Executive Committee of the People'sFront for the Liberation of Oman and the Arabian "ulf is pleased to great you and great the Guinean people on Independence Day which constitutes a strong incentive in our struggle for real independence."

> THE CENTRAL EXECUTIVE CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE'S FRONT FOR THE LIBERATION OF OMAN AND THE ADADDAT GULF.

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-POLITICAL COMMENTARY-

WHERE IS THE TRUTH IN CARRINGTON'S STATEMENTS ?!

The statements made by the Dritish Defence Secretary in Teheran on conditions in Oman and the -rabianGulf came this time more clear than previous statements made by the British officials. The British always care, while talking on conditions in this area, to give their talk the general form and speak on this area as if they are the victim and not the culprit, helped in that by the political arrangements they have carried out all over the area. It is enough that they drop daily tons of bombs through their air force on Dhofar rural areas at a time in which they speak about the dangers surrounding this area and their believe in the necessity of the establishment of stebility in it.

This time the British Defence Secretary spoke and pointed out that stability began to be established in this area due to the increase of the military power of the rulers of Iran and Saudi Arabia as a result of the conclusion of security treaties between Britein and Bahrain, Qatar and the State of Anirates. But the British official forgot or intended to forget the military role of his government in the Sultanate of Qaboos and the coordination between the parties of the forces of the colonialist camp in the area where a fighting front is formed in Onan in which the British, Iranians Saudis and Jordanians take part in a bid to deter the massive march which aims at clearing and liquidating the area.

If the ^Dritish Defence Secretary believes that the increase of the military power of the Iranian and Saudi reactions is the proof for stability in the area, then we seek his pardon certainly, as in our imagination the question does not lie in the size of the military power in the hand of the reactionaries but lies in the extent of the wide contradiction between the imperialist plans and the objectives of the masses. Cur proof for that is confirmed by the failure of the entire military power existing in the Sultanate and which was despatched by the British Defence Secretary to confront the escalating revolution in Oman and the losses his Ministry was compelled to admit the last of which was the shooting down of a British fighter plane and the death of its pilot over the liberated area.

The British, in their numerous statements, try to picture the conflict in the area as a conflict between the existing regimes and the masses apart from the role brilliantly undertaken by then in all parts of the area. The innocence of the British appears clear from their heavy military presence in the area of Chan and the irabianGulf particularly after the change carried out by the British in the Sultanate of Hussat and the coronntion of their puppet Qaboos. Their innocence also appears clear from the expointment of a new British Defence Minister for the Sultanate in stead of its previous Minister Hugh Oldman and by establishing Henderson as Interior Minister of Bahrain and by tightening the British control on the forces of "the State of Amirates" as well as by the actual and extensive participation of the British Defence Ministry in the war now going onin the South of Onan -Dhefer.

The "Communist Danger" tune proved that it is the facade used by the ^British for showing them as peaceful and for using it as a certificate of their innocence over the grave events running in this area. The masses, who are slain by the British air force and the pilots of Lord Carrington, and the hundreds of martyrs and political detaineds are the historical verdict condemning Her Majesty's Government and its localpuppets in the area.

The fact in which the Dritish Enpire was looting millions of barrels of area oil, started to change. Mass enlight meant and the growth of the armed revolutionary novement firmly standing in the face of the imperialist monopolies, which movement is headed by the Feeple's Front, the oil confrontation between Iraq, Libya and the monopolistic companies and the steadfastness of the forces of liberation in the Gulf, teni.sula and Iraq in the face of imperialism and its puppets in Teheran and Riad, all these are new proofs of the mature of the future which awaits imperialism in the area and the workness of the imperialist staunches and its local reactions in deterring the growing and escalating national liberation movement in this area. The Feople's Front for the Liberation of Oman and the Arabian ^Gulf, together with all nationalists and democrats supported by the free Arab regimes and the socialist countries standing byt its side is capable of foiling all the plans of Carrington and his puppets in the area and is capable also of establishing future conditions favour of the new Arab forces which are capable of defeating colonialism and establishing Arab unity in the shadow of the society of freedon and socialism.